Decisions and Uncertainty: Midterm Exam

November 4, 2022

Please, answer the following questions. The total number of points is 60. Time allowed: 90 minutes. PLEASE PLEASE, make an effort to write in a legible and organized fashion.

- **1.** (30 points) The Expected Utility (EU) model of von Neumann and Morgenstern.
 - (a) Start by stating the EU axioms, and briefly comment on the interpretation of the Independence axiom and of the Archimedean axiom.
 - (b) Next, state the representation theorem, and provide a sketch of the proof (what are the main steps?), without getting lost into too much detail. EXTRA CREDIT: What is the conceptual significance of the two mentioned axioms for the model?
 - (c) What is the utility of a consequence *x*? Does this interpretation depend on the finiteness of the set of consequences *C* (motivate your answer)?
 - (d) Finally, recall briefly what criticism has been addressed to the Independence axiom (notice: I do not want the precise details here, only the main idea/s).
- **2.** (30 points) Consider the problem of choice under risk when consequences are monetary amounts.
 - (a) Recall the definition of risk averse/neutral/seeking for a preference over the set of probability distributions *P*.
 - (b) When \succ satisfies the EU axioms, which property of the representing utility *u* corresponds to risk aversion? Show this result graphically.
 - (c) Consider now the following quadratic utility function $u(x) = x kx^2$, for which values of k is the DM risk averse? Do you think that a utility function of this type makes always sense from the point of view of an economist, or that it does only on a subset of \mathbb{R} (and in such case, which subset)? (HINT: Which assumption are economists happy making, when it comes to money?)
 - (d) Suppose that the DM with the quadratic utility above is indifferent between a lottery that pays 12 and 5 with respective probabilities (1/2) and (1/2) and the certain amount 7. Can you say something about *k*?